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Pillsbury Winthrop LLP			RIMELL, S.	RIMELL, SAMUEL G	
Intellectual Property Group			ADTIBUT	PAPER NUMBER	
Suite 200			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
11682 El Camino Real			2175	ζ	
San Diego, CA 92130			DATE MAILED: 05/20/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/042,774	KAGAN, RON M.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Sam Rimell	2175				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	86(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
· <u> </u>	, –					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	х рапе Quayle, 1935 С.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-31 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	· · · ———					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-31</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 		-(d) or (f).				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not received	d. Shill				
August 1997		SAM RIMELL PRIMARY EXAMINER				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						
2) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) [Interview Summary (Paper No(s)/Mail Dai	P10-413) te				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)					

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Claims 3, 11, 19 and 27 are objected to since these claims end in a semi-colon instead of a period. A claim is supposed to be one single complete sentence, and thus must end in a period. Correction is required.

Claims 1-7 are objected to for making reference to non-existent claims. Claims A1 through A5 do not exist in the record, so the reference to such claims is improper. It is also noted that claim dependencies should not include alphabetical letters, and that claims should not be numbered with alphabetical letters.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-3, 6, 8-11, 14, 16-19, 22, 24-27 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Jeffreys (U.S. Patent 5,811,235).

Claim 1: FIG. 5C illustrates rows of diploid MVR codes extending for at least 50 repeat units. The entire set of all diploid codes for all ethnicities is a sequence database. As seen in FIG. 5C, patient sample sequences, such as "English" and "Mormon" are compared other sequences in the sequence database. The closest matches are determined, as seen in the upper four lines of FIG. 5C. A normalized matching score, in the form of a series of "x"s are produced. The normalized matching score is the number of "x"s that are produced when comparing the lines of repeat units.

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Claim 2: FIG. 6B illustrates a match probability for each unit along the horizontal line of repeat units. The match probability is the confidence level. The confidence thresholds are the range of probability values displayed in the chart of FIG. 6B.

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Claim 3: FIG. 5C illustrates the closest matches in the first four rows. The profile manager is the programming that creates the display of FIG. 5C, which is also a report.

<u>Claim 6:</u> The sample sequence is derived from DNA (col. 6, line 22).

<u>Claim 8:</u> FIG. 5C illustrates received patient sample sequences of diploid MVR codes that extend for 50 repeat units. For example, the first line "English" is a received patient sample sequence. As seen in FIG. 5C these are compared to an overall database of sample sequences derived from multiple ethnicities, such as Japanese and French (col. 18, lines 21-29). The closest matches to the sample sequence are determined. For example, the closest match to "English" is "Mormon" and "Japanese". The normalized matching score is the number of "x"s produced when making the comparison. The closest match has the least number of "x"s.

Claim 9: See remarks for claim 2.

Claim 10: FIG. 6B illustrates a match probability for each repeat unit. The confidence level is the match probability. The confidence thresholds are the range of probability values displayed in FIG. 6B.

Claim 11: See remarks for claim 3.

Claim 14: See remarks for claim 6.

Claim 16: See remarks for claim 8.

Claim 17: See remarks for claim 2.

Claim 18: See remarks for claim 10.

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<u>Claim 19:</u> See remarks for claim 3.

Claim 22: See remarks for claim 6.

Claim 24: See remarks for claim 8.

Claim 25: See remarks for claim 2.

Claim 26: See remarks for claim 10.

Claim 27: See remarks for claim 3.

Claim 30: See remarks for claim 6.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 4, 5, 7, 12, 13, 15, 20, 21, 23, 28, 29 and 31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Jeffreys (U.S. Patent 5,811,235) in view of Official Notice.

Claim 4: Col. 6, lines 22-24 of Jeffreys teaches that the DNA can derive from any animal species but preferably humans. Jeffreys differs in that it does not teach the DNA deriving specifically from human viruses. However, examiner takes Official Notice that DNA exists in human viruses. Since Jeffreys relies on DNA derived from the human species and DNA is well known to exist in viruses in the human species, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to derive the DNA of Jeffries from human viruses as one of many well known sources for DNA that reside in the human body.

Claim 5: Col. 6, lines 22-24 of Jeffreys teaches that DNA can derive from any animal species, but preferably humans. Jeffreys differs in that it does not teach DNA deriving

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specifically from human HIV viruses. However, examiner takes Official Notice that DNA exists

in the human HIV virus. Since Jeffreys relies on DNA derived from the human species and DNA

is well known to exist in the human HIV virus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary

skill in the art to derive the DNA of Jeffreys from human HIV viruses as one of many well

known sources of DNA that reside in the human body.

Claim 7: FIG. 6B of Jeffreys already teaches measures of match probability for each

repeat unit along the horizontal axis of repeat units in FIG. 5C. However, Jeffreys does not teach

the confidence threshold (the range of values in FIG. 6B) as being set at a particularly desired

level, such as three standard deviations from an average normalized score. Examiner takes

Official Notice that the Standard Deviations for the sets of normalized scores can be calculated,

particularly since the standard deviation is standard algorithm and can be readily determined..

Setting the confidence threshold at three standard deviations would have been obvious to one of

ordinary skill in the art as a choice of design for the range of values shown in FIG. 6B.

Claim 12: See remarks for claim 4.

Claim 13: See remarks for claim 5.

Claim 15: See remarks for claim 7.

Claim 20: See remarks for claim 4.

Claim 21: See remarks for claim 5.

Claim 23: See remarks for claim 7.

Claim 28: See remarks for claim 4.

Claim 29: See remarks for claim 5.

Claim 31: See remarks for claim 7.

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Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to Sam Rimell at

telephone number (703) 306-5626.

Sam Rimell **Primary Examiner** Art Unit 2175

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